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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/002,661	10/31/2001	Akira Sugiyama	450100-03598	2440
20999	7590 10/05/2004		EXAMINER	
FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG			CATHEY II, PATRICK H	
745 FIFTH AVENUE- 10TH FL. NEW YORK, NY 10151			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2613	

DATE MAILED: 10/05/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/002,661	SUGIYAMA ET	AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Patrick H. Cathey					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence	address			
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by steeply received by the Office later than three months after the red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DN. R 1.136(a). In no event, howevent. a reply within the statutory mining riod will apply and will expire Statute, cause the application to	ver, may a reply be timely filed mum of thirty (30) days will be considered tin IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	·					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-fina	l. '				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the applicating 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	ndrawn from considera					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co The oath or declaration is objected to by th			• •			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docun 2. Certified copies of the priority docun 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Busee the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been recei nents have been recei priority documents ha ireau (PCT Rule 17.2(ved. ved in Application No ve been received in this Nation a)).	al Stage			
Attachmen	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		nterview Summary (PTO-413)				
3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Sfer No(s)/Mail Date	3/08) 5) 🔲 N	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (F Other:	PTO-152)			

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim's 1 and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsumura et al. (US 5,835,144).

Matsumura et al. teaches a variable-length coding rule that generates variable-length codes. This coded signal is segmented by start codes (Column 1, lines 49-55). When the start signal is sent, it is followed by predetermined header information pertaining to a plurality of picture areas, then followed by coded picture data pertaining to the same plurality of areas. The picture data is coded according to the above mentioned variable-length coding rules (Column 1, lines 61-66). The picture header is a fixed-length item that contains various information pertaining to a picture as a whole (Column 4, lines 53-55). He also teaches adding a novel ending macroblock address after the macroblock data in each group of blocks. This is a variable-length codeword that gives the absolute position of the last macroblock in the group of blocks for which any other codewords were generated. It is the last macroblock present in the data coded stream (Column 6, lines 55-65; See also Figure 7).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim's 2, 3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsumura et al. in view of Strongin et al. (US 5,784,494).

As for Claim 2, Matsumura et al. fails to specifically teach the input data comprising of MPEG encoded data, but Strongin et al. does (Column 2, lines 5-17). He shows that one compression standard which has attained wide spread use for compressing and decompressing video information is the moving pictures expert group (MPEG) standard for video encoding and decoding. Since Strongin et al. shows that this MPEG coding method is standard in many applications it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to assume that Matsumura et al. could or might have used the MPEG coding method in his invention.

As for Claim's 3 and 5, Matsumura et al. fails to teach the output being able to be recorded, but Strongin et al. does (Column 2, lines 5-6). He shows that the use of this application and the recording media is standard to record the output therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have a recording means to record the output of the signal processor.

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Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The additional references also teach signal processing methods similar to the applicants. Note there is a reference from three of the applicants that is very similar to this application.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick H. Cathey II whose telephone number is (703) 305-4909. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 to 5:00 (Every other friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Kelley can be reached on (703) 503-4856. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick H. Cathey II

Examiner

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PHC

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